

16-57

$$\omega_{AB} = 5 \text{ rad/s}$$

Determine V_C when $\theta = 60^\circ$ & $\phi = 45^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned} V_B &= \omega_{AB} r_{AB} \\ &= 5(1) = 5 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

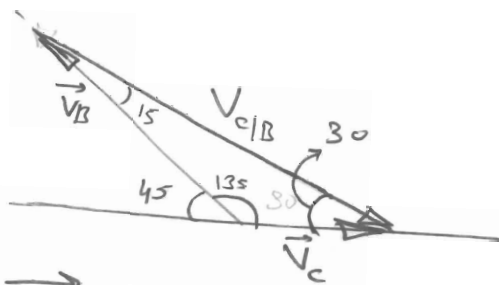
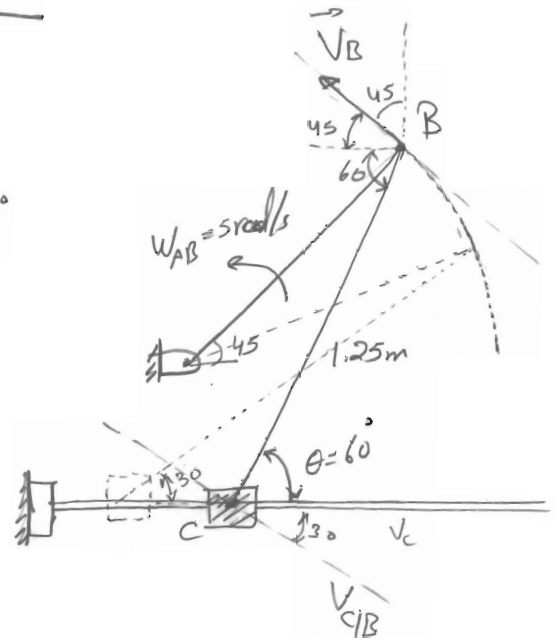
$$\vec{V}_C = \vec{V}_B + \vec{V}_{C/B}$$

$$\frac{V_B}{\sin 80^\circ} = \frac{V_C}{\sin 15^\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_C = V_B \frac{\sin 15^\circ}{\sin 80^\circ}$$

$$= 5 \frac{\sin 15^\circ}{\sin 80^\circ}$$

$$= 2.588 \text{ m/s} \rightarrow$$



OR

$$\vec{V}_B = 5[-\cos(45^\circ)\mathbf{i} + \sin(45^\circ)\mathbf{j}] \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{V}_C = V_C \mathbf{i} \quad ; \quad \vec{r}_{C/B} = 1.25[-\cos(60^\circ)\mathbf{i} - \sin(60^\circ)\mathbf{j}] \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{V}_C = \vec{V}_B + \vec{V}_{C/B} = \vec{V}_B + \omega_{BC} \times \vec{r}_{C/B}$$

$$V_C \mathbf{i} = -5\cos(45^\circ)\mathbf{i} + 5\sin(45^\circ)\mathbf{j} + (\omega_{BC} \mathbf{k}) \times [-1.25\cos(60^\circ)\mathbf{i} - 1.25\sin(60^\circ)\mathbf{j}]$$

$$V_C \mathbf{i} = -5\cos(45^\circ)\mathbf{i} + 5\sin(45^\circ)\mathbf{j} + 1.25\omega_{BC}\cos(60^\circ)\mathbf{j} + 1.25\omega_{BC}\sin(60^\circ)\mathbf{i}$$

$\mathbf{j}$ -component

$$0 = 5\sin(45^\circ) - 1.25\omega_{BC}\cos(60^\circ)$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_{BC} = 5.657 \text{ rad/s}$$

$\mathbf{i}$ -component

$$V_C = -5\cos(45^\circ) + 1.25(5.657)\sin(60^\circ) = 2.588 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{V}_C = 2.588 \mathbf{i} \text{ m/s}$$

16-73

$$\omega = 4 \text{ rad/s}$$

Determine ω_c & $\vec{v}_D$.

$$v_B = (\omega)(r_B) = 4 \times 0.025 = 0.1 \text{ m/s} \uparrow$$

$$v_A = 4 \times 0.075 = 0.3 \text{ m/s} \downarrow$$

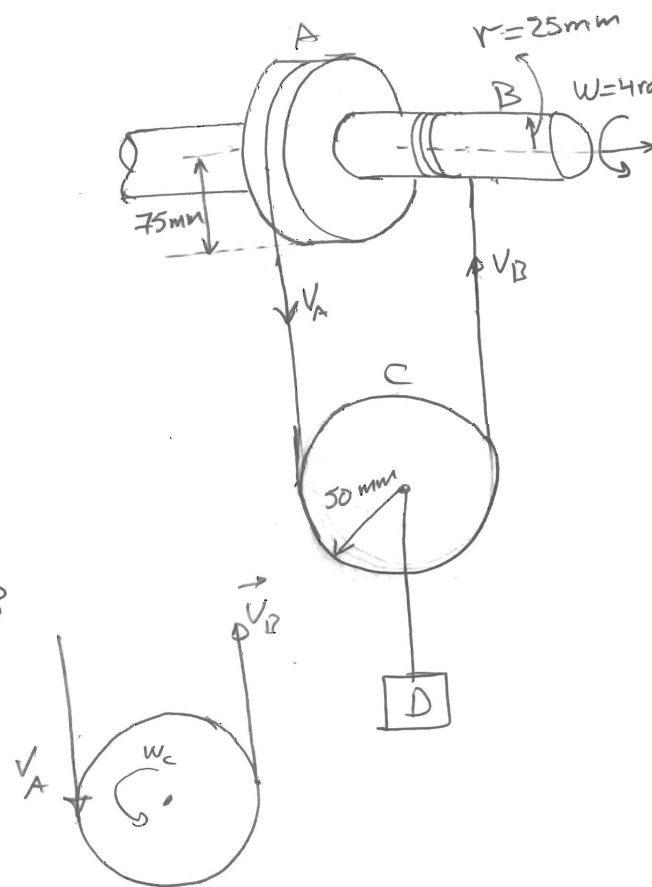
$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_{B/A} &= \vec{v}_B - \vec{v}_A \\ &= 0.1 \hat{j} - (-0.3 \hat{j}) = 0.4 \hat{j} \text{ m/s} \\ &= 0.4 \text{ m/s} \uparrow \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\vec{v}_{B/A}| &= \omega_c r_{B/A} \\ \Rightarrow \omega_c &= \frac{|\vec{v}_{B/A}|}{r_{B/A}} = \frac{0.4}{2(0.05)} = 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_c = 4 \text{ rad/s C.C.W}$$

$$\vec{v}_D = \vec{v}_A + \vec{v}_{D/A}; |\vec{v}_{D/A}| = \omega_c r_{D/A} = 4(0.05) = 0.2 \text{ m/s} \uparrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{v}_D = -0.3 \hat{j} + 0.2 \hat{j} = -0.1 \hat{j} \text{ m/s} = 0.1 \text{ m/s} \downarrow$$



16.88

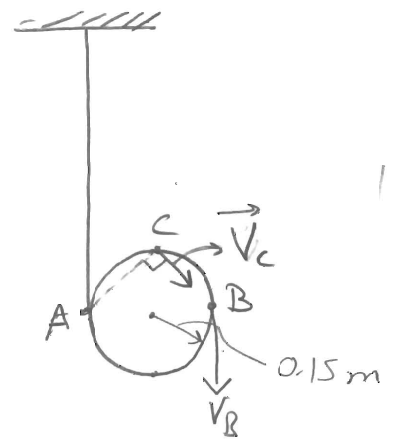
$$\omega = 4 \text{ rad/s C.W}$$

Determine $\vec{v}_A$, $\vec{v}_B$, and $\vec{v}_C$

$$v_A = 0$$

$$v_B = \omega r_{AB} = 4(0.3) = 1.2 \text{ m/s} \downarrow$$

$$v_C = \omega r_{AC} = 4 \sqrt{0.15^2 + 0.15^2} = 0.8485 \text{ m/s}$$



16.94

$$\omega_{AB} = 4 \text{ rad/s}$$

Determine V_C ? & ω_{CB}

$$V_B = \omega_{AB} r_{B/A} = 4 \times 0.5 = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

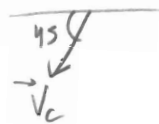
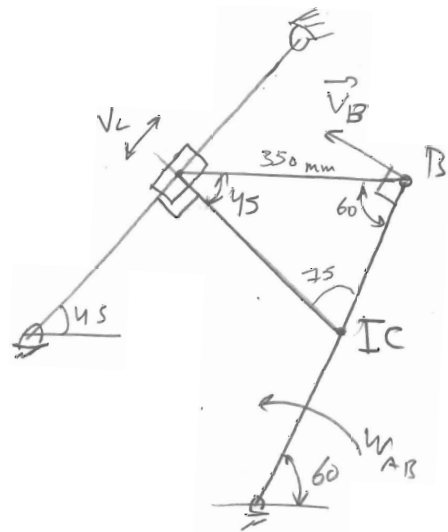
$$\frac{r_{B/C}}{\sin 75} = \frac{r_{B/Ic}}{\sin 45}$$

$$r_{B/Ic} = \frac{350 \times \sin 45}{\sin 75} = 256.2 \text{ mm}$$

$$r_{C/Ic} = \frac{350 \times \sin 60}{\sin 75} = 313.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$\omega_{CB} = \frac{V_B}{r_{B/Ic}} = \frac{2}{0.2562} = 7.806 \text{ rad/s} \quad \text{C.C.W}$$

$$V_C = \omega_{CB} r_{C/Ic} = 7.806 \times 0.3138 = 2.450 \text{ m/s}$$



16-109

$$\omega = 2 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\alpha = 4 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

Determine a_B

$$\vec{a}_c = (\alpha r_w) \mathbf{i} = (4 \times 0.4) \mathbf{i} = 1.6 \mathbf{i} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_c + \vec{\alpha} \times \vec{r}_{B/c} - \omega^2 \vec{r}_{B/c}$$

$$= 1.6 \mathbf{i} + (-4\mathbf{k}) \times (0.4) [-\cos(30)\mathbf{i} + \sin(30)\mathbf{j}]$$

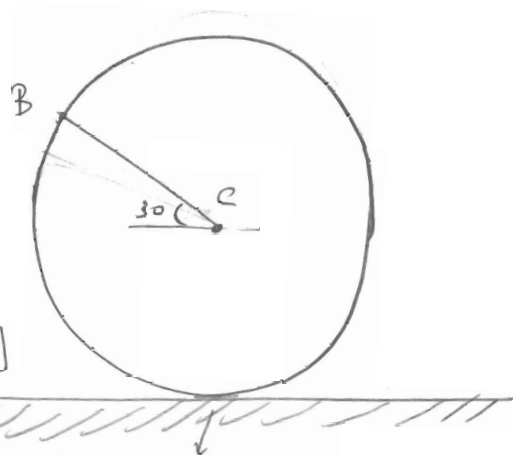
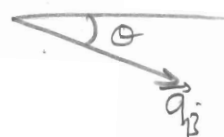
$$- 2^2 [-\cos(30)\mathbf{i} + \sin(30)\mathbf{j}]$$

$$= 1.6 \mathbf{i} + 1.6 \cos(30) \mathbf{j} + 1.6 \sin(30) \mathbf{i} + 1.6 \cos(30) \mathbf{i} - 1.6 \sin(30) \mathbf{j}$$

$$= (3.786 \mathbf{i} - 0.5856 \mathbf{j}) \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_B = \sqrt{(3.786)^2 + (0.5856)^2} = 3.831 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{0.5856}{3.786}\right) = 8.793^\circ$$



no slipping